

## THE APOSTICHA

Reader: In the 2nd Tone: Samopoden: "Down from the Tree..."

Down from the Tree

Joseph of Arimathaea took Thee dead,  
Who art the Life of all,

and he wrapped Thee, O Christ,

in a li-nen cloth with spi- - - ces.

Moved in his heart by love, he kissed Thy most pure Body with his lips;

yet, draw- ing back in fear,

he cried to Thee re- joi- - - cing:

'Glory to Thy self-abasement, O Thou Who lov- est man- kind.

Reader : The Lord is King,

and has put on glor-i-ous ap-par-el.

When Thou, the Re-deem-er of all,

wast laid for the sake of all in a new tomb,

hell was brought to scorn and, see-ing Thee, drew back in fear.

The bars were bro - - - ken and the gates were shat - - tered,

This musical score consists of two staves. The top staff is in treble clef and the bottom staff is in bass clef. Both staves are in common time with a key signature of one sharp. The music features several eighth and sixteenth note patterns, with some notes grouped by brackets. The lyrics are written below the notes.

the tombs were op - - - ened and the dead a - rose.

This musical score consists of two staves. The top staff is in treble clef and the bottom staff is in bass clef. Both staves are in common time with a key signature of one sharp. The music features eighth and sixteenth note patterns, with some notes grouped by brackets. The lyrics are written below the notes.

Then A - - dam in thanksgiving and rejoicing cried to Thee:

This musical score consists of two staves. The top staff is in treble clef and the bottom staff is in bass clef. Both staves are in common time with a key signature of one sharp. The music features eighth and sixteenth note patterns, with some notes grouped by brackets. The lyrics are written below the notes.

'Glory to Thy self-abasement, O Thou Who lov- est man - kind.

This musical score consists of two staves. The top staff is in treble clef and the bottom staff is in bass clef. Both staves are in common time with a key signature of one sharp. The music features eighth and sixteenth note patterns, with some notes grouped by brackets. The lyrics are written below the notes.

Reader: He has made the world so sure

Musical score for the first stanza of a hymn. The music is in G major (two sharps) and common time. It consists of two staves: treble (soprano) and bass (alto). The lyrics are:

That it can- not be moved.

The vocal parts are supported by a harmonic basso continuo line at the bottom of the page.

Musical score for the second stanza of a hymn. The music is in G major (two sharps) and common time. It consists of two staves: treble (soprano) and bass (alto). The lyrics are:

In the flesh Thou wast of Thine own will

The vocal parts are supported by a harmonic basso continuo line at the bottom of the page.

Musical score for the third stanza of a hymn. The music is in G major (two sharps) and common time. It consists of two staves: treble (soprano) and bass (alto). The lyrics are:

en- closed with- in the tomb, yet in Thy divine na- - - - ture

The vocal parts are supported by a harmonic basso continuo line at the bottom of the page.

Musical score for the fourth stanza of a hymn. The music is in G major (two sharps) and common time. It consists of two staves: treble (soprano) and bass (alto). The lyrics are:

Thou dost remain uncircumscribed and lim- - - - it- less.

The vocal parts are supported by a harmonic basso continuo line at the bottom of the page.

Thou hast shut up the treasury of hell,  
O Christ,

This section consists of two staves. The top staff is in treble clef, G major (two sharps), and the bottom staff is in bass clef, C major (one sharp). The vocal parts are written in black ink, with the basso continuo part in brown ink.

and emptied all his pal-a-ces.

This section continues the musical score from the previous page, showing the progression of the melody and harmonic changes.

Thou hast honoured this Sabbath with Thy divine bles-sing,

This section continues the musical score, with the vocal parts and basso continuo part continuing the melody.

with Thy glo-ry and Thy ra-di-ance.

This section concludes the musical score, with the vocal parts and basso continuo part concluding the melody.

Reader: Holiness becomes Thine house,

Musical score for the first stanza of the hymn. The key signature is G major (one sharp). The melody consists of two staves: soprano (treble clef) and bass (bass clef). The soprano part features a sustained note on the first beat of each measure, followed by a short note. The bass part provides harmonic support. The lyrics "O Lord, for ev- er." are written below the notes.

Musical score for the second stanza of the hymn. The key signature remains G major. The soprano and bass voices continue their harmonic dialogue. The lyrics "The pow- ers of heav- en be- held Thee, O Christ," are written below the notes.

Musical score for the third stanza of the hymn. The key signature changes to F major (one sharp). The soprano and bass voices continue their harmonic dialogue. The lyrics "falsely accused by lawless men as a de- cei- - ver," are written below the notes.

Musical score for the fourth stanza of the hymn. The key signature changes to E major (two sharps). The soprano and bass voices continue their harmonic dialogue. The lyrics "and they saw the stone be- fore Thy tomb sealed by the hands" are written below the notes.

Musical score for the first stanza of a hymn. The music is in G major (two sharps) and common time. The vocal line consists of two staves: soprano (treble clef) and bass (bass clef). The lyrics are:

which had pierced Thy most pure side;

Musical score for the second stanza of a hymn. The music is in G major (two sharps) and common time. The vocal line consists of two staves: soprano (treble clef) and bass (bass clef). The lyrics are:

and they were filled with fear at Thine ineffable forbearance.

Musical score for the third stanza of a hymn. The music is in G major (two sharps) and common time. The vocal line consists of two staves: soprano (treble clef) and bass (bass clef). The lyrics are:

Yet, rejoicing at our salvation,

Musical score for the fourth stanza of a hymn. The music is in G major (two sharps) and common time. The vocal line consists of two staves: soprano (treble clef) and bass (bass clef). The lyrics are:

They cried aloud to Thee:

'Glory to Thy self-abasement, O Thou Who lov- est man- kind.'

**Reader: Glory, Both Now in the 5th Tone.**

Glory to the Father, and to the Son, and to the Holy Spirit,

Both now and ever and un- to the a- ges of a-

ges. A- men. Jo- seph with Nicodemus took Thee down from the Tree,

Who deckest Thyself with light as with a garment;

This musical score consists of two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and has a key signature of one sharp. The bottom staff uses a bass clef and has a key signature of one sharp. The music features quarter notes and eighth notes. The lyrics "Who deckest Thyself with light as with a garment;" are written below the notes.

and look- ing upon Thee dead, stripped, and with- out bur- i- al,

This musical score consists of two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and has a key signature of one sharp. The bottom staff uses a bass clef and has a key signature of one sharp. The music features quarter notes and eighth notes. The lyrics "and look- ing upon Thee dead, stripped, and with- out bur- i- al," are written below the notes.

in his grief and tender compassion he lamented, say- ing:

This musical score consists of two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and has a key signature of one sharp. The bottom staff uses a bass clef and has a key signature of one sharp. The music features quarter notes and eighth notes. The lyrics "in his grief and tender compassion he lamented, say- ing:" are written below the notes.

'Woe is me, my sweetest Je- sus! When but a lit- tle while a- go

This musical score consists of two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and has a key signature of one sharp. The bottom staff uses a bass clef and has a key signature of one sharp. The music features quarter notes and eighth notes. The lyrics "'Woe is me, my sweetest Je- sus! When but a lit- tle while a- go'" are written below the notes.

the sun saw Thee hanging on the Cross,  
it wrapped itself in dark- ness:

the earth quaked with fear and the veil of the temple was rent in twain.

And now I see Thee for my sake sub- mit- ting  
of Thine own will to death.

How shall I bu- ry Thee, my God?  
How shall I wrap Thee in a wind- ing sheet?

How shall I touch Thy most pure body with my hands?

This musical score consists of two staves. The top staff is in treble clef and the bottom staff is in bass clef, both in common time with a key signature of one sharp. The melody is primarily composed of quarter notes and eighth notes. The lyrics "How shall I touch Thy most pure body with my hands?" are written below the notes.

What song at Thy de-par-ture

This musical score consists of two staves. The top staff is in treble clef and the bottom staff is in bass clef, both in common time with a key signature of one sharp. The melody includes a melodic line with various note values and a short melodic phrase ending with a fermata over a bass note. The lyrics "What song at Thy de-par-ture" are written below the notes.

shall I sing to Thee, O com-pas-sion-ate Sav-iour? I magnify Thy suf-fer-ings;

This musical score consists of two staves. The top staff is in treble clef and the bottom staff is in bass clef, both in common time with a key signature of one sharp. The melody features eighth-note patterns and sustained notes. The lyrics "shall I sing to Thee, O com-pas-sion-ate Sav-iour? I magnify Thy suf-fer-ings;" are written below the notes.

I sing the praises of Thy burial and Thy Re-sur-rec-tion, cry-ing:

This musical score consists of two staves. The top staff is in treble clef and the bottom staff is in bass clef, both in common time with a key signature of one sharp. The melody includes eighth-note patterns and sustained notes. The lyrics "I sing the praises of Thy burial and Thy Re-sur-rec-tion, cry-ing:" are written below the notes.

